

OLIMPIADA NAȚIONALĂ DE MATEMATICĂ

Etapa locală - 7 februarie 2025

Clasa a VI-a - Barem

1.	a. $2025 = 3^4 \cdot 5^2$; $N = (4+1) \cdot (2+1) = 15$ 1p
	Fie $x \in \mathbf{N}$ cel mai mic număr din cele 15 numere. $x + (x+1) + \dots + (x+14) = 2025$ 1p
	$15 \cdot x + \frac{14 \cdot 15}{2} = 2025 \Rightarrow x = 128 \Rightarrow 2025 = 128 + 129 + \dots + 142$ 1p
	b. Fie $d = (a; b) \Rightarrow a = d \cdot p$; $b = d \cdot q$; cu $(p; q) = 1$. Știind că $a \cdot b = (a; b) \cdot [a; b]$ avem 1p
	$3 \cdot \frac{d \cdot p \cdot d \cdot q}{d} + 4 \cdot d = 2025 \Rightarrow 3 \cdot d \cdot p \cdot q + 4 \cdot d = 2025$ 1p
	Cum $2025 : 3$; $3 \cdot d \cdot p \cdot q : 3 \Rightarrow 4d : 3$; $(4; 3) = 1 \Rightarrow d : 3 \Rightarrow d = 3 \cdot x$; $x \in \mathbf{N} \Rightarrow 3 \cdot 3 \cdot x \cdot p \cdot q + 3 \cdot 4x = 2025 : 3 \Rightarrow 3 \cdot x \cdot p \cdot q + 4 \cdot x = 675$ 1p
	După repetarea raționamentului de trei ori ($x = 3 \cdot y$; $y = 3 \cdot z$; $z = 3 \cdot t$) obținem 1p
	$3 \cdot t \cdot p \cdot q + 4 \cdot t = 25 \Rightarrow t \cdot (3 \cdot p \cdot q + 4) = 25 \Rightarrow t = 1$; $p \cdot q = 7$ 1p
	$d = 3^4 \cdot t = 81 \Rightarrow a = 81$; $b = 567$ 1p
2.	$\sphericalangle AOB = \frac{4}{3} \cdot \sphericalangle DOC$, $\sphericalangle BOC = \frac{9}{4} \cdot \sphericalangle AOB = \frac{9}{4} \cdot \frac{4}{3} \cdot \sphericalangle DOC = 3 \cdot \sphericalangle DOC$ 1p
	$\sphericalangle DOA = \frac{8}{9} \cdot \sphericalangle BOC = \frac{8}{9} \cdot 3 \cdot \sphericalangle DOC = \frac{8}{3} \cdot \sphericalangle DOC$ 1p
	$\sphericalangle AOB + \sphericalangle BOC + \sphericalangle COD + \sphericalangle DOA = 360 \Rightarrow \frac{4}{3} \cdot \sphericalangle DOC + 3 \cdot \sphericalangle DOC + \sphericalangle DOC + \frac{8}{3} \cdot \sphericalangle DOC = 360 \Rightarrow$ 2p
	$\sphericalangle DOC = 45^\circ$; $\sphericalangle AOB = 60^\circ$; $\sphericalangle BOC = 135^\circ$; $\sphericalangle DOA = 120^\circ$ 2p
	OE bisectoarea $\sphericalangle AOB \Rightarrow \sphericalangle AOE = \sphericalangle EOB = \frac{\sphericalangle AOB}{2} = \frac{60^\circ}{2} = 30^\circ$
	OF bisectoarea $\sphericalangle AOD \Rightarrow \sphericalangle AOF = \sphericalangle FOD = \frac{\sphericalangle AOD}{2} = \frac{120^\circ}{2} = 60^\circ$
	$\sphericalangle EOF = \sphericalangle EOA + \sphericalangle AOF = 90^\circ \Rightarrow OE \perp OF$ 2p
	OG bisectoarea $\sphericalangle BOC \Rightarrow \sphericalangle BOG = \sphericalangle GOC = \frac{\sphericalangle BOC}{2} = \frac{135^\circ}{2} = 67^\circ 30'$
	$\sphericalangle FOG = \sphericalangle FOD + \sphericalangle DOC + \sphericalangle COG = 60^\circ + 45^\circ + 67^\circ 30' = 172^\circ 30'$ 1p
3.	$n = 2k + 1$; $k \in \mathbf{N} \Rightarrow n^4 - 5n - 20$ par $\Rightarrow p$ par 2p
	$n = 2k$; $k \in \mathbf{N} \Rightarrow n^4 - 5n - 20$ par $\Rightarrow p$ par 2p
	Deci $p = 2$; $n = 3$ 3p
4.	$A_0 A_{2025} = A_0 A_1 + A_1 A_2 + \dots + A_{2024} A_{2025} = 1 + 2 + \dots + 2025 = \frac{2025 \cdot 2026}{2} = 1013 \cdot 2025$ 2p
	$A_0 M = \frac{A_0 A_{2025}}{2} = \frac{2025 \cdot 1013}{2}$ 1p
	$M \in A_k A_{k+1} \Leftrightarrow A_0 A_k < A_0 M < A_0 A_{k+1}$ 2p
	$\frac{k \cdot (k+1)}{2} < \frac{2025 \cdot 1013}{2} < \frac{(k+1)(k+2)}{2}$ 1p
	$(31 \cdot 45)^2 < 1431 \cdot 1432 < 45^2 \cdot 1013 < 1432 \cdot 1432 \Rightarrow k = 1431$ 1p

NOTĂ Orice soluție corectă se punctează similar baremului